



Title:	Fear Conditioning in C57BL/6J Male Mice using Scopolamine
Procedure	Fear Conditioning

## Stanford Behavioral and Functional Neuroscience Lab

## Fear Conditioning

Fear Conditioning (FC) is a type of associative learning task in which mice learn to associate a particular neutral Conditional Stimulus (CS; often a tone) with an aversive Unconditional Stimulus (US; often a mild electrical foot shock) and show a Conditional Response (CR; often as freezing). After repeated pairings of CS and US, the animal learns to fear both the tone and training context. FC is learned rapidly, and after one conditioning session, a very stable and long-lasting behavioral change is produced which is useful for neurobehavioral, genetic, and pharmacological studies. In Trace FC the CS and the US are separated by a certain time interval. It has been shown that the frontotemporal amygdala has an important role in both acquisition and expression of conditional fear and that the hippocampus is necessary for contextual and trace FC.

Two different contexts, Context A and B, are used in FC. In the first day, the subjects are placed in Context A, and after 3 min, they receive five tone-shock pairings. The shock (0.5 mA, 2 sec) is delivered 18 sec after the end of the tone (75dB, 2 kHz, 20 sec). An empty trace interval interposes between the tone and the shock in each CS-US pairing. In the second day, mice are placed in Context B (new olfactive cue, floor texture, and visual cues) for 3 min and subsequently given three tone presentations without any shocks. In the last day of the experiment, mice are placed in Context A for 5 min without any CS and US. Freezing is defined as the complete lack of motion for a minimum of 0.75 second and the percent of freezing in each period of time are reported

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Species	Mouse
Strain	C57BL/6J
Sex	Male
Age	6-7 Months

Su	bj	ects		

Group	# of mice	Treatment
C57BL/6J	10	Saline
C57BL/6J	10	Scopolamine (1.0 mg/kg body weight) dosed 20 min. before day 3 (contextual memory) trial

Day 1 (Acquisition): % Freezing During ITI's

Animal ID	Dosing Group	Average % Freezing ITI 1	Average % Freezing ITI 2	Average % Freezing ITI 3	Average % Freezing ITI 4	Average % Freezing ITI 5
2	Saline	10.3875	27.3325	20.3325	45.445	45.52
3	Saline	6.365	26.6675	32.6675	42.1075	55.31
6	Saline	12.7225	13.665	25.9975	26.79	31.195
8	Saline	3.3325	22.3325	28.665	32.3925	49.2175
9	Saline	1.3325	8.3325	10.3325	14.0125	15.09
11	Saline	7.345	30.6675	9	22.1775	30.7875
14	Saline	4.3575	5.6675	0	33.52	33.87
15	Saline	8.355	20.6675	26.665	44.5075	30.4225
17	Saline	20.3775	27.3325	44	44.205	51.835
20	Saline	23.74	31.3325	40.3325	61.62	65.1975
1	Scopolamine	16.68	30.6675	22.6675	21.8925	20.21
4	Scopolamine	2	9.6675	19.335	19.7025	31.785
5	Scopolamine	5.71	8	34.3325	51.21	25.0725
7	Scopolamine	12.695	18.3325	29.665	52.135	40.47
10	Scopolamine	15	24.6675	34.0025	45.4975	52.9125
12	Scopolamine	4	17	28	35.78	54.225
13	Scopolamine	1	2.3325	8.665	10.6675	13.36
16	Scopolamine	3.0125	16.6675	26.335	45.8375	40.46
18	Scopolamine	5.02	17.3325	37.335	33.8375	25.3875
19	Scopolamine	7.035	32.665	49	54.1125	77

Day 1 (Acquisition): % Freezing During Pre-Tone and Tones

Animal ID	Dosing Group	Average % Freeezing Pre- Tone	Average % Freezing Tone 1	Average % Freezing Tone 2	Average % Freezing Tone 3		Average % Freezing Tone 5
2	Saline	0.4	0	18.67	2.67	14.67	12
3	Saline	0	0	0	8.11	0	1.33
6	Saline	0	6.67	25.33	26.67	4	5.33
8	Saline	0	0	14.67	17.33	30.67	6.67
9	Saline	0	0	1.33	25.33	6.67	4
11	Saline	0	0	13.33	5.33	21.33	18.67
14	Saline	0	0	0	0	6.67	0
15	Saline	1.067	0	0	10.67	0	14.67
17	Saline	3.333	12	10.67	12	22.67	18.67
20	Saline	0.533	6.67	17.33	24	17.33	28
1	Scopolamine	1.6	4	0	6.67	16	0
4	Scopolamine	0	0	16	13.51	2.67	2.67
5	Scopolamine	0.533	0	5.33	16	14.67	49.33
7	Scopolamine	0	0	0	0	14.67	0
10	Scopolamine	0	0	0	14.67	9.33	0
12	Scopolamine	0.8	0	0	0	0	0
13	Scopolamine	0	0	0	0	0	10.67
16	Scopolamine	0	0	5.41	9.33	12	14.67
18	Scopolamine	0.533	0	10.67	13.33	16	8
19	Scopolamine	0	0	9.33	30.67	14.67	33.33

Day 2 (Cued Memory): % Freezing During ITI's

Animal ID	Dosing Group	Average % Freezing ITI 1	Average % Freezing ITI 2	Average % Freezing ITI 3
2	Saline	35.17	38.6675	49.735
3	Saline	71.5725	49.3325	19.7
6	Saline	24.405	35.3325	31.4
8	Saline	39.7375	42.665	14.3475
9	Saline	25.3925	9.6675	22.3325
11	Saline	70.585	64.335	60.8775
14	Saline	28.3975	15.9975	14.035
15	Saline	62.5425	41.665	13.0125
17	Saline	68.2375	64.3325	39.0325
20	Saline	75.9425	82	16.7325
1	Scopolamine	70.5975	69	70.545
4	Scopolamine	52.9275	52.3325	16.6875
5	Scopolamine	49.2375	26.665	21.6675
7	Scopolamine	74.5375	40.0025	43.4775
10	Scopolamine	73.2525	53.6675	30.3625
12	Scopolamine	41.4525	30.665	31.74
13	Scopolamine	37.1375	32	1
16	Scopolamine	35.855	28.9975	27.665
18	Scopolamine	56.2125	40	13.6675
19	Scopolamine	54.505	45.3325	33

Day 2 (Cued Memory): % Freezing During Pre-Tone and Tones

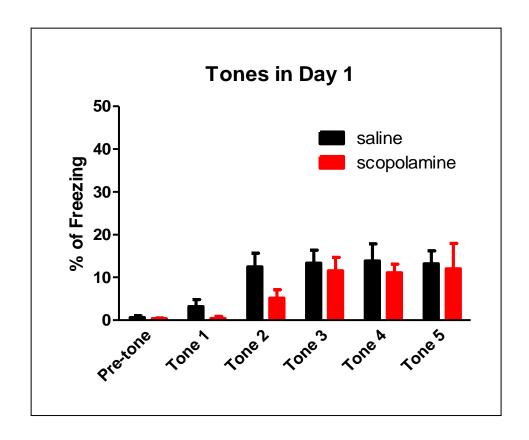
Animal ID	Dosing Group	Average % Freeezing Pre- Tone	Average % Freezing Tone 1	Average % Freezing Tone 2	Average % Freezing Tone 3
2	Saline	16.8	30.67	13.33	20
3	Saline	19.067	42.67	10.67	18.67
6	Saline	11.213	26.67	46.67	24
8	Saline	8.533	29.33	21.62	17.33
9	Saline	11.888	29.33	13.33	13.33
11	Saline	16.55	33.33	22.67	13.33
14	Saline	2.8	0	12	0
15	Saline	12.133	36	36	22.67
17	Saline	21.346	40	26.67	1.33
20	Saline	23.202	33.33	25.33	16
1	Scopolamine	17.509	41.33	18.67	29.33
4	Scopolamine	8.266	49.33	17.33	0
5	Scopolamine	11.866	65.33	25.33	30.67
7	Scopolamine	10.532	29.33	24.32	10.67
10	Scopolamine	20	50.67	13.33	16
12	Scopolamine	13.6	13.33	5.33	0
13	Scopolamine	1.733	16	0	0
16	Scopolamine	0.667	14.67	29.33	26.67
18	Scopolamine	9.6	14.67	12	4
19	Scopolamine	6.552	29.33	17.33	0

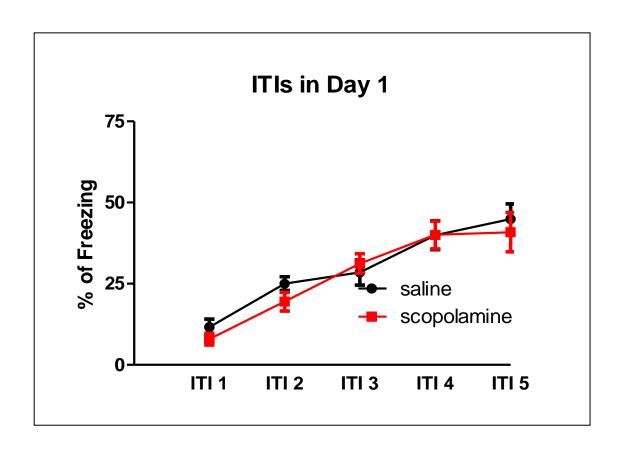
Day 3: % Freezing in Context

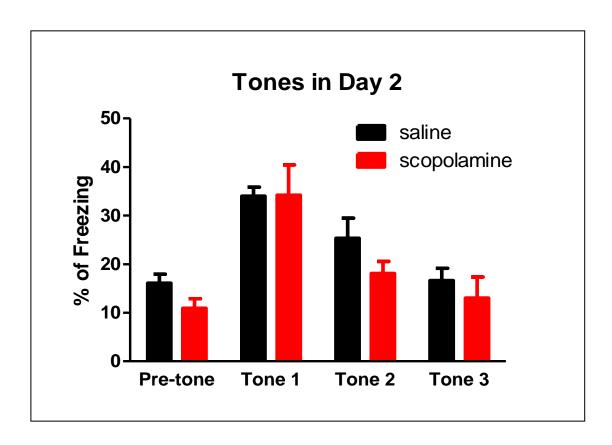
Animal ID	Dosing Group	% Freezing Min. 1	% Freezing Min. 2	% Freezing Min. 3	% Freezing Min. 4	% Freezing Min. 5
2	Saline	2.68	60.89	12	72	36.77
3	Saline	0	12.89	48.44	16.89	43.5
6	Saline	18.3	10.67	9.78	17.33	24.66
8	Saline	0	9.33	8.89	12	12.11
9	Saline	4.46	4	1.33	1.78	1.35
11	Saline	11.61	16.89	5.33	11.11	30.94
14	Saline	1.79	8.44	5.78	9.78	11.66
15	Saline	24.11	14.22	21.78	15.11	13.45
17	Saline	14.29	24.89	32	43.56	7.17
20	Saline	14.73	34.22	7.11	28.44	15.25
1	Scopolamine	0	0	0	1.33	1.35
4	Scopolamine	0	0	0	0	0
5	Scopolamine	0	0	0	0	0
7	Scopolamine	0	0	0	0	0
10	Scopolamine	0	0	1.33	0	0
12	Scopolamine	0	0	0	0	0
13	Scopolamine	0	0	0	0	0
16	Scopolamine	0	0	0	0	0
18	Scopolamine	0	0	1.33	0	0
19	Scopolamine	0	4.44	48.44	63.56	34.98

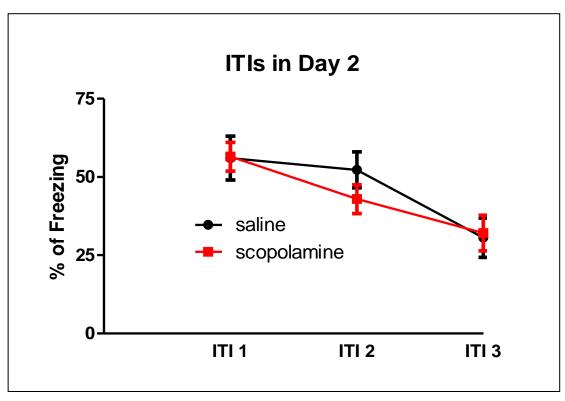
Day 1-3: Total Freezing

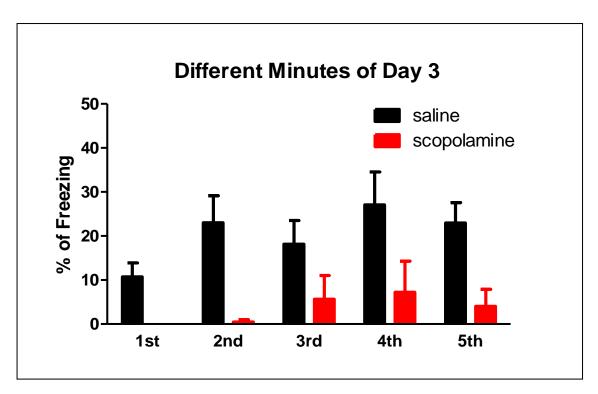
Animal ID	Dosing Group	Total Freezing Day 1	Total Freezing Day 2	Total Freezing Day 3
2	Saline	18.5	29.04	36.87
3	Saline	18.92	33	24.31
6	Saline	14.53	22.96	16.12
8	Saline	17.51	21.63	8.46
9	Saline	6.67	16.18	2.58
11	Saline	13.08	40.68	15.23
14	Saline	9	11	7.48
15	Saline	15.99	27.39	17.81
17	Saline	24.6	38.71	24.4
20	Saline	28.22	40.2	19.95
1	Scopolamine	16.4	44.15	0.53
4	Scopolamine	10.45	25.47	0
5	Scopolamine	16.78	25.2	0
7	Scopolamine	17.96	32.05	0
10	Scopolamine	20.37	36.36	0.27
12	Scopolamine	16.09	22.8	0
13	Scopolamine	4.42	12.55	0
16	Scopolamine	16.29	17.89	0
18	Scopolamine	15.1	22.64	0.27
19	Scopolamine	27.65	25.73	30.28

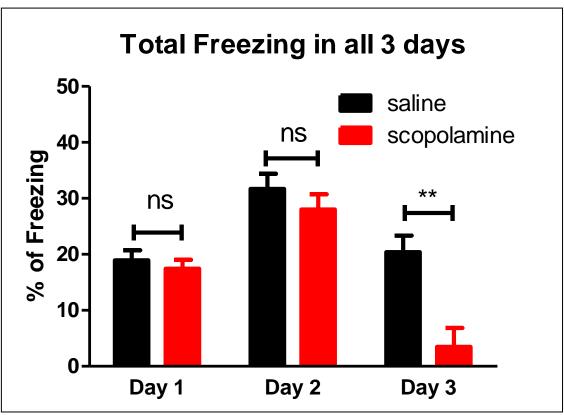












The total freezing on each day was compared with an unpaired t-test. Mice showed no significant differences in freezing on days 1 and 2. The difference in freezing was significant for day 3 (p<0.01).

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## Conclusion:

- The Fear Conditioning Test was performed on BL6 mice dosed with saline (n=10) and on BL6 dosed with scopolamine (n=10).
- Both groups showed equal levels of learning on day 1. Both groups of mice were able to learn to associate the tone with the shock, as demonstrated by an increase in percent freezing over each subsequent tone-shock pairing.
- -On day 2, mice were placed in a novel environment and were given three tone presentations. Both groups were able to remember the tone from the previous day and froze in response to it at comparable levels.
- -On day 3, one half of the mice were injected with scopolamine and the other half were injected with saline. While saline injected mice were able to recall the context of the shocks and froze in response, scopolamine injected mice demonstrated significantly lower freezing when placed in the chamber from day 1. This suggests that scopolamine is able to induce impairments in recall of contextual memories.